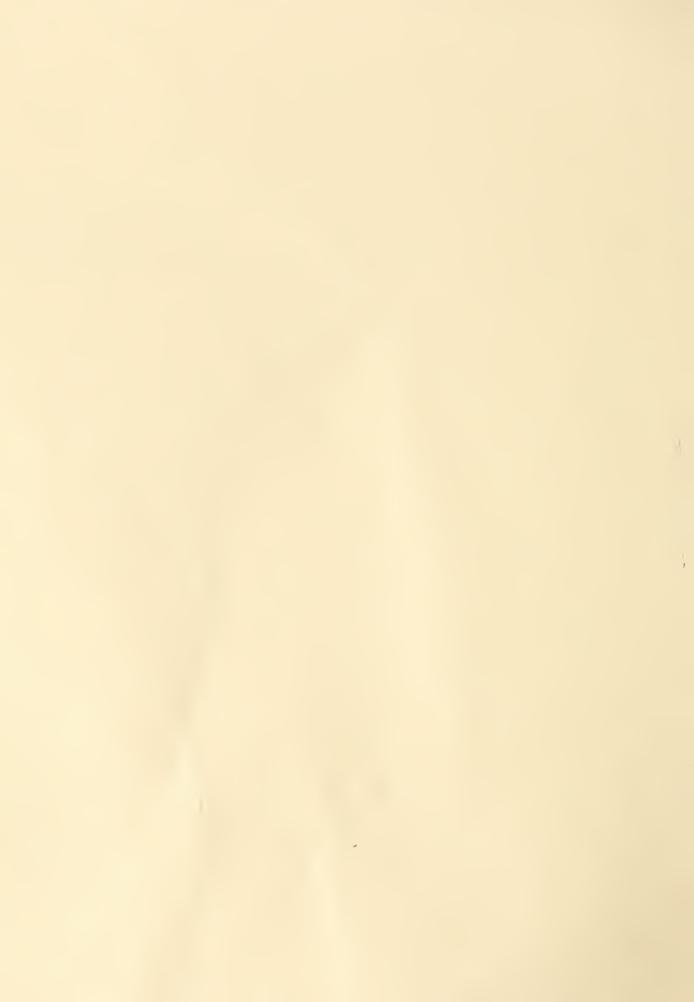
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INDUCTION TRAINING PLAN 1/

I. Induction training:

Induction training is a cooperative undertaking, including:

Supervisors.
Agents.
Specialists.

- A. The initiative properly is taken by supervisors.
 - 1. Training purpose and procedures explained to State group.
- B. Training procedures developed by representative committee:
 - 1. Trainer agents.
 - 2. Agents who have recently been trained.
 - 3. Specialists.
 - 4. Supervisors.
- C. Need carefully selected agents for trainers two agents in a county man, woman.
 - 1. Outstanding in teaching ability.
 - 2. Attitudes right toward beginning agents.
 - 3. Have a thorough understanding of the Cooperative Extension Service.
 - 4. Attitudes right toward the purpose and objectives of the Cooperative Extension Service.
 - 5. Harmonious relationships with each other and with the State extension staff.
 - 6. A knowledge of what a beginning agent needs to know.
 - 7. County sponsoring leadership sympathetic to training.
 - 8. Recognized as trainers salary standing.
- D. Trainer agents assisted through:
 - 1. An explanation of the training procedures.
 - 2. "J" course training J. R. T., J. M. T., J. I. T.
 - 3. Equip them with necessary study and reference material for use of trainees.
 - 4. Review with trainee and trainer agents what is to be covered in the training period.
 - 5. Review about the middle of the training period the progress being made by the trainee.
- 1/ Prepared by Cannon C. Hearne and Mary L. Collings. Duplicated by Division of Extension Research and Training.

- 6. Evaluate at the end of the training period the results of the training:
 - a. Rating of trainee by trainer agents.
 - b. Replies of trainee to questions.
 - c. Reaction of trainee.
 - d. Reaction of county leaders to the trainee.
- E. Orientation training given previous to county training experience.
 - 1. New worker needs to be put at ease in the new (to him) organization.
 - 2. Find out what he already knows about the Cooperative Extension Service.
 - 3. Acquaint him with the general picture of the Cooperative Extension Service, and the institution with which it is connected.
 - 4. Have him meet and visit with the administrative officials, such as:
 - a. Deans.
 - b. Chairmen of departments,
 - c. Specialists.
 - d. 4-H Club staff.
 - e. Agricultural editor.
 - 5. Show him, if out-of-State worker, the physical set-up of the institution.
 - 6. Review the county situation where he is to report for training.

F. Apprenticeship:

- 1. In county with trainer agents.
- 2. For a definite period--90 days.
- 3. Training should consist of a mingling of study and experience;
 - a. Study material for each topic.
 - b. Experiences to emphasize each topic.
 - c. Reports or other opportunity to judge the success of the training.
- 4. Training experiences should be pulled together into a logical pattern:
 - a. The Cooperative Extension Service.
 - b. Objectives of the Cooperative Extension Service and how these coincide with those of other groups and interests.
 - (1) Those related to and a part of the U. S. D. A.
 - (2) Those interested in and working toward improved agriculture, but which are not a part of the U. S. D. A.
 - c. The county rural program.
 - d. Preparing and carrying out plans of work.
 - e. The county extension office.
 - f. Duties, responsibilities, and privileges of county extension workers.

G. New workers conference:

1. For a definite period -- 1 to 2 weeks.

- 2. Workshop sort of experience for study of problems chosen by the workers and carried through to analysis and solution during the conference.
- 3. May or may not be a credit course in the land-grant institution.

4. Conference is planned and conducted by a staff committee.

II. Follow-up -- inservice training:

- A. A continuous process requiring a supervisory plan.
- B. Planned to fit the needs of individual agents varied according to:
 - 1. Background of agents.
 - 2. Previous training which agents have had.
 - 3. Knowledge of agents.
 - 4. Interest of agents.
 - 5. Capabilities of agents.

C. Consists of:

- Planned experiences to give agents opportunities to practice or study with supervision given by either supervisors or specialists or both.
 - a. These experiences to be decided upon by supervisors and agents.
 - b. Supervisors should have ideas from specialists as to training needed by agents.

2. Methods, devices, techniques:

- a. Short courses, subject matter or methods or both.
- b. Tours to experiment stations and other centers where training can be received.
- c. Planned conferences or visits.
- d. Analysis forms.
- e. Handbooks, guides.

3. Evaluation of the training:

- a. Need a base evaluation.
- b. Need a progress evaluation to compare to the base (method check list, over-all check lists).



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